VIRAL STATUS OF PLUM **MOTHER PLANTATIONS IN THREE IMPORTANT CENTERS FROM ROMANIA**

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Fruit trees can be infected with numerous viruses that affect production and fruit quality, finally resulting significant losses.

The aim of present paper is to present some aspects regarding viral disease monitoring as a measure to prevent infections in mother plantations, in order to produce healthy propagating material free of viral pathogens.



Research Institute for Fruit Growing Pitești (RIFG Pitesti)

In Romania, the main centers for the maintenance of the fruit tree plantations are: Research Station for Fruit Growing Bistrița (RSFG Bistrița)

University of

Craiova-Research

Station for Fruit

Growing Vâlcea

(RIFG Vâlcea)



MATERIAL AND METHOD



Mărăcineni

 Mother plantation for grafting branches, biological category B a s i c, with virus tested (VT) status, established in 2008, for: Stanley, Pescăruş, Anna Späth, Tuleu Gras, Agent, Centenar, Andreea, Record, Roman, Gras românesc, D 'Agen pum variety;

• Mother plantations, for plum rootstocks, B a s i c biological category: Mirobolan dwarf, Mirobolan C5, BN 4 Kr, established in *1992* and Mirobolan dwarf and Mirobolan C5 established in *2011*, both with *VT* status.

• Mother plantation for grafting branch, VT status, C e r t i f i c a t e biological category, established in 2014 with the varieties: Stanley, Anna Späth, Centenar, Pescăruş, Agent, Andreea, Tuleu gras.



Leordeni

Mother plantation for grafting branches, C e r t i f i c a t e, biological category, VT status, established in 1995 with the varieties: Stanley, Pescăruş, Anna Späth and Tuleu timpuriu.

Virological observations and analyzes refer to the period 2010-2017.



At the RSFG Bistrita, the initial B a s i c material used to establish those twoo mother plantation was obtained by satisfying EPPO recomanded certification standards for *virus free (VF)* status. Research took place between 2016 and 2018 the mother plantations to be referred are:

Mother plantation B a s i c biological category, <u>under vector</u> <u>protection conditions</u> from 2015 for the: Iulia, Matilda, Geta, Zamfira, Ivan, Dani, Doina, Romaner, Elena, Jubileu 50, Flora, Renclod Althan, Stanley, Anna Späth, Carpatin, Agent, Gras ameliorat, Centenar, Minerva, Andreea, Delia plum varieties;

 Mother plantation B a s i c biological category, set up in 2014, in Baţa Mihăeşti with the varieties: Iulia, Matilda, Geta, Zamfira, Ivan, Elena, Jubileu 50, Flora, Renclod Althan, Stanley, Anna Spath, Carpatin, Agent, Gras ameliorat, Centenar, Minerva, Andreea, Delia.



At University of Craiova - RSFG Vâlcea, the mother plantations existing have VT status. Virological observations and analyzes refer to the period 2010-2017;

Mother plantation, C e r t i f i c a t e biological category, established in 2000, represented by the rootstocks: Rival, Oltval, Miroval, Pinval, Oteşani 11, Oteşani 8, Corval;

 Mother plantation, C e r t i f i c a t e biological category, of grafting branches established in 1997 with the: Carpatin, Tuleu Gras, Andreea, Stanley, Diana, Vânăt românesc, Tita and Centenar varieties.



• Field assessment: visual inspections and sampling were performed from the beginning of spring to the arrival of high temperatures, the first half of June each year;

• The ELISA serological diagnosis of Apple chlorotic leaf spot trichovir virus (ACLSV), Plum pox virus (PPV), Prune dwarf virus (PDV), Prunus necrotic ringspot (PNRSV), Mirobalan latent ringspot (MLRSV) was according to the working protocol recommended by reagent manufacturers and Bulletin OEPP, 2015, PM 7/125(1);

AgriStrip immunochromatographic only for PPV diagnosis;

• *Biological testing* on the GF 305 indicator, only for *PPV* diagnosis for Tuleu Gras, Gras Românesc, Centenar, Pescăruș and Anna Spath



RESULTS



Typical *PPV* visual symptoms

Species	RIFG Pitesti during 2010-2017	RSFG Bistrița during 2016- 2018	RSFG Vâlcea during 2010- 2017
Nr. evaluated plants / no. infected plants	3,113/42	762/0	1,124/37
Infected varieties / no. plants with visual symptoms	Anna Späth /12 Tuleu gras/6 Centenar/10 Pescăruș/4 D'Agen/10	-	Carpatin/3 Tuleu gras/7 Oltval/6 Stanley/4 Tita/5 Centenar/7 Pinval/5



Results of the ELISA serological test, at RIFG Pitești

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Location / Year	Variety	No. of plants	Virus	No. infected
of		annually	detected	plants on tested
Establishment		tested		period
Mărăcineni	Anna Späth	25	PPV	4
2008-Basic	Tuleu gras	10	PPV	6
grafting branches	Centenar	10	PPV	5
	Gras românesc	10	PPV	3
	D'Agen	10	PPV	2
	Pescăruș	10	PPV	2
	Agent	20	PDV	3
	Andreea	18	PDV	1
	Stanley	20	-	-
	Record	10	-	-
	Roman	10	-	-
Mărăcineni	Mirobolan dwarf	20	PPV	2
1992-Basic	Mirobolan C5	20	PNRSV	3
/rootstocks	BN 4Kr	15	-	-
Mărăcineni/2011-	Mirobolan dwarf	25	-	-
B a sic/rootstocks	Mirobolan C5	30	-	-



Location / Year of Establishment	Variety	No. of plants annually tested	Virus detected	No. infected plants on tested period
Mărăcineni	Stanley	20	-	-
2014	Anna Späth	25	PPV	1
Certificate/	Centenar,	10	-	-
grafting	Pescăruș	10	-	-
branches	Agent	20	-	-
	Andreea,	20	-	-
	Tuleu gras	20	-	-
Leordeni	Stanley	18	PPV	5
1995	Pescăruș	10	PPV	3
Certificate/	Anna Späth	20	PPV	9
grafting			PDV	2
branches	Tuleu timpuriu	10	PPV	7



Results of the ELISA serological test, at RSFG Valcea

Location / Year of	Variety	No. of plants	Virus	No. infected
Establishment		annually tested	detected	plants on tested
				period
RSFG-	Carpatin	10	-	-
Vâlcea/1997/	Tuleu gras	10	PPV	4
Certificate	Andreea	10	-	-
grafting branches	Stanley	10	-	-
0 0	Diana	10	-	-
	Vânăt românesc	10	-	-
	Tita	10	-	-
	Centenar	10	PPV	5
RSFG-Vâlcea	Rival	10	-	-
/2000/	Oltval	10	PPV	4
Certificate			ACLSV	1
rootstocks	Miroval	10	-	-
	Pinval	10	PPV	4
	Oteșani 11	10	-	-
	Oteșani 8	10	-	-
	Corval	10	-	-



Results of the ELISA serological test, at RSFG Bistrița

Location / Year	Variety	No. of total plants tested	Virus	No. infected
of Establishment		on 2016-2018 period	detected	plants
Bistrița / <u>vectors</u>	Anna Späth	5	-	-
protection-	Stanley	5	-	-
B a s i c / 2015	Carpatin	3	-	-
grafting branches	Renclod Althan	3	-	-
	Andreea	3	-	-
	Minorya	2	_	_

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	Anna Späth	5	-	-
	Stanley	5	-	-
	Carpatin	3	-	-
	Renclod Althan	3	-	-
	Andreea	3	-	-
	Minerva	2	-	-
	Centenar	2	-	-
	Gras ameliorat	2	-	-
	Flora	2	-	-
	Agent	2	-	-
	Delia	2	-	-
	Matilda	2	-	-
	Jubileu	2	-	-
	Geta	2	-	-
	Ivan	2	-	-
	Zamfira	3	-	-
	Elena	3	-	-
	Romaner	3	-	-
	Dani	1	-	-
	Iulia	5	-	-
	Doina	5	-	-

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Location / Year	Variety	No. of total plants tested	Virus	No. infected
of Establishment		on 2016-2018 period	detected	plants
Bața Mihăești	Iulia	22	-	-
2014-	Zamfira	16	-	-
Basic / grafting	Carpatin	16	-	-
branches	Elena	7	-	-
	Matilda	7	-	-
	Stanley	32	-	-
	Anna Späth	17	-	-
	Renclod Althan	11	-	-
	Minerva	7	-	-
	Geta	5	-	-
	Flora	3	-	-
	Jubileu	3	-	-
	Ivan	4	-	-
	Centenar	11	-	-
	Agent	11	-	-
	Gras ameliorat	7	-	-
Í	Andreea	8	-	-
	Delia	8	-	-



Results of the biological test at RIFG Pitesti

Mother		Biological method		DAS -	AgriStrip	
Plantation /				ELISA		
Year of	Biological	Variety tested/no	Healt	n status		
establishment	indicator	tree tested/no tree				
		with symptoms				
Mother	GF 305	Tuleu gras /20/2	Symptoms that	Positive	Positive	
plantation			could have been			
branch			associated with			
grafting/			viral diseases			
Mărăcineni /	GF 305	Gras românesc /	Symptoms that	Negative	Negative	
2008		20/1	could have been			
			associated with			
			viral diseases			
	GF 305	Centenar /20/1	Symptoms that	Negative	Negative	
			could have been	_	_	
			associated with			
			viral diseases			
	GF 305	Pescăruș /20/1	Symptoms that	Positive	Positive	
		,	could have been			
			associated with			
			viral diseases			
	GF 305	Anna Späth / 30/0	Absence of	Negative	Negative	
		•	symptoms			

Imunocromatografic AgriStrip test





CONCLUSIONS



► During the period 2010-2017

• <u>At RIFG Pitesti out of the 446 plum plants tested on average annually, 50 plants were found positive to PPV, 6 plants were positive for PDV and 3 for PNRSV.</u>

• <u>At RSFG Vâlcea</u> of the 150 plum plants tested on an average annual, 17 plants were found positive to *PPV* and 1 plant were identified with *ACLSV*.

► Confirm the increased viral incidence with PPV in plum.

► In order to prevent possible future infections with viruses in mother plants, visual assessments accompanied by laboratory and biological tests should be continued; for the accuracy of viral diagnosis in wood species is recommended along with the use of the bioassay method and a laboratory method.

Establishing and maintenance of mother plantation under vectors protection is a viable option for avoiding PPV infections in endemic countries.

► It can also be noticed that the younger mother plantations is less infected with viruses, confirming once again that plants can become infected / reinfected as a result of the influence of factors favoring the spread of viruses.



